The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 18,0

FRIDAY, AUGUST 28. 1741.

IT is a wise Observation of the great Lord *Bacon*, that in the *Roman* Commonwealth those were the best Consuls who leaned towards the People, and those the best Tribunes who had a Respect for the Senate. This, without question, is a good Rule in all mix'd Governments, and particularly in ſince it tends to prevent Extremes, and to ac- the Spirit of the Adminiſtration to the Ge- Conſtitution. This, I think, is ſo true, that will conteſt it, and ſo plain, that there can be es about it. We all know, that whenever we quiet Times (and with Submiſſion to warm ſe were ever accounted the beſt Times) it has r Kings favourable to Liberty, or under Par- well affected to Monarchy. For whenever bad have ſeduced Kings into Arbitrary Meaſures, or Patriots have influenc'd the *Houſe of Commons* ree with the Laws, and no leſs free with the we have fallen firſt into confuſed, and then into us Times; and neglecting our Foreign and ck Intereſts, have exhauſted our Treaſures, and ſlgal of our Blood, purely to gratify the Paſ- a few wicked and ambitious Men, who by their e deluded weak ones.

an certainly that wiſhes his Country well, nay, that wiſhes himſelf and his Family well, would to ſee the ſame Broils which diſfigur'd the laſt revive in this. Yet no Man who has Common diſcern, and Common Honeſty to declare his timents, can deny that our preſent Diſputes ſtrong Tendency that Way. There are ſome n avowed Enemies to the Conſtitution, and perſwaded in their Minds that it would be bet- them at leaſt) that we were under a Republick. e others again who are avowed Enemies to our ment, tho' Friends to the Conſtitution; yet not a Degree but that they would be content to ſee r in ſome Reſpect, if it might contribute to ſub- other. Others are Enemies to the Adminiſtra- d indifferent as to the Conſtitution or Govern- In ſhort, provided they rule over us, they are it ſhall be by what Form we and they pleaſe; e People, tho' they differ in ſo many Things, this, that it is expedient to deprive ſuch Men r as are zealouſly affected to the Conſtitution, the Government, and Friends to the Admini- The Power of theſe Men is the Barrier which the Road, and till it be forc'd, none of theſe can paſs forward.

hole Power by which this Deſign of theirs can be is that of the PEOPLE, and therefore to the they apply by all manner of Ways; in Diſcourſe, ing, by Pictures and Devices, by direct and in- aſures; like the *Jews* of old, ſparing neither r Pains, but compaſſing Sea and Land to make rts. I will not act ſo unfairly, as to aſſume that r Part of that Character is as true as the firſt. d's the Point in diſpute, in diſpute before the ; to them they appeal, and to them the Friends Adminiſtration are willing to go: For, to ſay h, they are Friends to the Adminiſtration for Reaſon but becauſe they conceive them Friends People. Thus far then it ſhould ſeem all Parties ed, and that the Buſineſs ought to be for both to conſult the Satisfaction of the People. This done by laying down Principles, and by ſhew- r Conformity to our Conſtitution; by ſtating and the Evidence to ſupport them, and by draw- cluſions according to the known Laws of Argu- In reſpect to theſe Things, if we are at liberty ſe and in Writing, then it is clear that we edom of Speech, and that the Preſs is free; ſo whichever Cauſe ſuffers, upon the Debate, muſt be d a bad one; for as to the Method of Proceed- the Reaſon of the Thing, or the Voice of Man- eſtabliſh Certainty, it is unexceptionable.

r a due Senſe of this there have been many Pa- ten here, wherein our Political Diſputes have ſidered calmly, candidly, and with great Cir- ion, as to Perſons; but how have they been n return? With ſaucy Contempt, and the moſt Language. Could there be any Reaſon for does not one Publication require another; nay, theſe very abuſive Writers call for Anſwers? If they do, what is it to them from whence they come? Themſelves are diſtracted if you pretend to gueſs at their Correſpondents. For my Part, I ſhall never trouble myſelf with Mr. *D'Anvers* or his Aſſociates, but content myſelf with examining their Writings. If they advance falſe Charges, I ſhall confute them; if they pervert Hiſtory, I ſhall ſet it right; if they impudently miſquote Writers, I ſhall make it plain (as I have lately done) to the Publick; and in doing this, I apprehend, I act like a good Member of Society, and do nothing which may induce the Suſpicion of my being under any other Influence than the Fear of ſeeing my Country torn by inteſtine Quarrels, and all our Hopes from the preſent honourable and glorious War, defeated by the *Spaniards* Domeſtick Allies.

The Writers in the Service of the Oppoſition make a Stalking-horſe of the People. At one time they ſay expreſsly, that they are the Source of all Authority, and that our Kings are accountable to them: At another time, theſe very People are charged with being luxurious, corrupt, and incapable of judging for themſelves. Heretofore the Conſtitution was highly in their Favour, and all the Subjects of *England* were their very good Maſters; now truly things are chang'd, the Freeholders are the only People worth regarding, and one would imagine from their Manner of Writing, that they had a Scheme on foot for reſtoring the antiquated *Gothick* Conſtitution, and for ſubjecting their old Opponents as Villains and Vaſſals to their new Friends of the Landed Intereſt. Until this Year Parliaments were allow'd to ſit and act be'o e they were cenſured, but now our refined Politicians, like ſome of our old Divines, penetrate the very Thoughts and Affections of Men, and declare them *Elect* or *Reprobate* before they have done any thing to merit *this*, or warrant *that*; which is not only aſſuming a higher Prerogative than any former Patriots laid claim to, but is even exceeding the utmoſt Stretch of Power pretended to by aſpiring Princes, and (if that can diſcredit it in the preſent diſcerning Age) is a direct reverſing the Maxims of Divine Providence; for we know that God, tho' omniſcient, decides nothing before the Day of Judgment, and then too by Evidence and Confeſſion.

But if the People of *England* will afford theſe Men ſuch Liberties as I am ſure they have no Title to take, it ſhall never be a Precedent capable of inclining me to make Repriſals. I have too great a Reſpect for the Peace of my Country, and the Honour of the Conſtitution. I know too, that many of the Chiefs of the Oppoſition are aſham'd of this Conduct in their Scribes, as indeed they ought to be, for many Reaſons, and eſpecially for theſe two, Firſt, that it is a betraying their Cauſe; for theſe Men, if they would ſerve it, ought to read and ſtudy, and write like Gentlemen and Scholars, as their Maſters ſpeak; and not content themſelves with ſtealing now and then a quick Thought from Converſations they are permitted to hear, and think this ſufficient to enliven a heavy Paper of low Scandal, or downright Billingſgate. Secondly, their late Attempt is preſuming too far; for either it may ſubject their Patrons to very great Inconveniences, or if their Deſigns ſhould take Effect, (which God be thanked is by no means probable) recommend them ſo effectually to the Rabble, as of Secretaries to make them Heads of Faction, and the *Maſſaniello's* of thoſe *Inſurrections* which they ſeem inclined to raiſe.

Our equitable and excellent Conſtitution, as it allows every Man Liberty and Property, ſo it indulges him likewiſe in Freedom of expreſſing his Thoughts with due Reſpect to the Laws, in Speech or in Writing; and if any Set of Men, or their Inſtruments, ſhall endeavour to ſap this Conſtitution, they are not to ſuppoſe that ſuch as perceive their Deſign will be either paſſive or ſilent. They might have learnt thus much from the Fate of a late Motion, wherein many recurred to *Principle* who had been long govern'd by *Paſſion*. It is certainly a good thing to ſift extenſive Schemes to the Bottom; and therefore if theſe Men throw out either *Hints* of *Truth* or *Tales* of *Tubs*, they muſt allow others to ſpeak their Judgment of them. When they come to have Power, no doubt they will perſecute, and ſet a Man in the Pillory as readily as now they call him Blockhead and Mercenary; but this is a good Reaſon why we ſhould watch them, and endeavour to prevent ſuch angry People from being greater than they are. I doubt not if they go on in this Way, but they will bring many able Writers into the Field, and even into the *Gazetteer*; for it is certain, that Numbers who concern themſelves not in Contentions for Places or Power would take the Alarm, if they ſhould ſee Condemnations without Evidence, or Revolutions in Government founded on the Will of a Party, inſinuated as reaſonable by Men who call themſelves Patriots. It is known to us, it is notorious to all *Europe*, that the Adminiſtration bears all things rather than take any Step which may endanger Liberty, and it ought to be made as notorious, if Steps are taken againſt it from any other Quarter; for ſure it would be equally unjuſt and abſurd, if the *Danverians* ſhould ſet up a Claim, not only of writing with Impunity what they cannot defend, but of writing without being anſwer'd; as if the Liberty of the Preſs on their Side was nothing, if other People uſed it too, and little better than telling the Miniſtry, *you may boaſt as much as you will of your Innocence, but if you will lay aſide your legal Power, your perſonal Intereſt, and your own and your Friends Apologies for your Conduct, we will do your Buſineſs, by dint of Clamour, Influence and Abuſe,*— which, from *Patriots*— is a *modeſt Propoſition*.

AMERICA.

New York, June 22. Since our laſt there have been Nine Negroes try'd and convicted for the Plot beforemention'd, (four of them Spaniſh Negroes) and other four have pleaded guilty; a further Diſcovery is ſtill made of this horrid Plot, and more Negroes are taken up and committed. The Plot has been almoſt general. The Father and four Brothers of John Heuſtes or Hewſon (who was executed, and now hangs in Chains) are taken up and committed to Goal in Weſtcheſter, on account of this Plot, of and concerning whom we expect a further Account.

HOME PORTS.

Dover, Aug. 26. Wind N. E. Came in the Betty, Smith, from Topſham for Hamburgh; the Dove, Haſtings, from Bourdeaux for North Bergen; the St. Nicholas, Brown, from St. Martin's for Chriſtianſand; the Swallow, Cordox, for Whitby; and the Edward and Mary, Bradford, for Newcaſtle; both from Shoreham. Arrived the Young Philip, Nanning, from Bayonne for Amſterdam.

Deal, Aug. 26. Wind S. by E. Came down and are now under Sail with his Majeſty's Ship the Dolphin, the Black River Merchant, Quick; the Joſeph, Eaves; the Albemarle, Danzie; the Bird, Sutherland; the Upton, Dott; the Prince William, Belcher; the Globe, Chilton; the Mary, Corniſh, the Unity, Dobſon; the Pompey, Hoſſack; all for Jamaica; the Frederick, Loney, and the Unicorn, Chappell, both for Gibraltar; the Mary, Pruſt, for Oporto; the Induſtry, Jackſon, for Glaſgow; the Sea Nymph, Parker, the Cato, Davis, and the Codrington, Finch; all for Briſtol. Arrived his Majeſty's Ship the Lyme, and is now under Sail again; the Charming Molly, Righton, from St. Kitt's; the Hope, Purchaſe, from Oporto; and the Bonetta's Prize, Chamberlain, from Figuera.

Graveſend, Aug. 27. Yeſterday paſs'd by the John and Joſeph, Ellery, and the Ellen, Thompſon, both from Petersburgh; the Nancy, Forſter the Peter and Mary, Perry, the Oldner, Simons, and the Providence and Hannah, Perry, all four from Narva; the Spenſon, Houſon, from Stockholm; the Barbara-Agnatin, Cruiſe, from Carlſcroon; the Prince Frederick, Morſe, the Mary, Forſett, the London, Willis, the Conſtant Ann, Dobbins, and the Two Brothers, Hanſon, all five from Norway; the Juſtice-Hendrick, Bringman, from Bremen; the Ann and Mickeal, Sperjahl, from Stetin; the Richmond, Terry, from Gottenburgh; the Mary, Moore, from Dantzick: And this Day, the Gaylard, Warren, the Weſtern, Knowler, and the Don Carlos, Nutt, all three from Oporto.

LONDON, Auguſt 28.

Yeſterday Notice was iſſued out at the Duke of Grafton's Office, to all Peers, Peereſſes, &c. that the Court changes their Mourning on Sunday next on account of the Death of the Queen of Sardinia, viz.

The Ladies to wear Black Silk or Velvet, colour'd Ribbands, Fans and Tippets.

The Men to continue in Black, to wear colour'd Swords and Buckles.

Yeſterday was held a Board of Admiralty when their Lordſhips were pleaſed to appoint Capt. Slaughter to be Captain of the Argyle, a Third Rate of 50 Guns, in the room of Capt. Lingen, who is appointed Captain

of

of the Elizabeth, in the Room of Capt. Durell, deceaſed.

Laſt Night the Corpſe of Mr. Veale was brought from his late Dwelling-houſe in Surry-ſtreet in the Strand, and interred with great Solemnity in the Cloiſters of Weſtminſter Abbey.

The Right Hon. Arthur Onſlow, Eſq; Speaker of the Hon. Houſe of Commons in the Two laſt Parliaments, is dangerouſly ill of a Fever at his Seat at Thames Ditton in Surrey.

A great Number of Weſt Country Barges loaded with Flour, &c. have been detain'd for theſe three Weeks paſt at Sundbury, by reaſon of the Lowneſs of the Water in the River, which has been the Occaſion of raiſing the Price of Bread.

Mr. Wilſon, of the Oldeſt Lottery-Office at Charing-Croſs, being a large Subſcriber in this preſent Lottery, is now ready to diſpoſe of the Tickets, either ſingly or in large Parcels, on the moſt reaſonable Terms; likewiſe to divide them into Shares, ſuch as Halves, Quarters, Eighth and Sixteenth Parts, for the Conveniency of ſmall Adventurers, conſtant Attendance being given at the Office for that Purpoſe. His Regiſter-Book is open for entering the Numbers of Tickets, from which all Perſons who regiſter with him are ſure of the moſt correct as well as early Accounts being ſent to any Part whatſoever, whether Prize or Blank.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge	Morning		Evening	
	01	06	01	30

Bank Stock 141. India 154 1-half to 155. South Sea 101 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity 111 1-4th to 3-8ths. New ditto 109 1-half to 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 98 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan 92 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto 76. Royal Aſſurance 89. London Aſſurance 11. African 10. India Bonds 3 l. 17 s. Premium. Bank Circulation 61. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. Engliſh Copper 3 l. 15 s. Welſh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders Par. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 112.

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N B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Stypick after the Preſcription of Helvetius, and uſe it in the Room of Dr. EATON's; but whoever tries both, will ſoon be perſwaded that Our's exceeds their's in all Reſpects, in a moſt eminent Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical Phyſician at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradſhaw's Warehouſe in the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymiſt, in Bartholomew Cloſe; Mr. William Evans, Bookſeller, in Bridgnorth; Mr. Hammond, Jun. Bookſeller, at York; Mr. Roe, Bookſeller in Derby; Mr. Raiks, Printer, in Glouceſter; Mr. [illegible] Printer, in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Merchant in Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. [illegible] an Apothecary, at Kidderminſter; Mrs. Trobridge, [illegible] keeper, in Exeter; Mr. Halliſax, an Apothecary, at Bath; Mrs. Unett, a Bookſeller, at Woolverhampton; and Mr. Bryan, a Printer, at Worceſter.

PARALYTICON, ſeu Anima Nervea
A Stupendous Chymical Eſſence, *which infallibly cures the* PALSY, *and all other* NERVOUS DISEASES:

THE very firſt Doſe of it (a few Drops only) inſtantly penetrates the inmoſt Receſſes of the Nerves, and darting almoſt as quick as Lightning thro' the Human Syſtem, diffuſes kindly Warmth and genial Comfort to the weaken'd Limbs, and all Parts of the Body, and affords immenſible Relief in the moſt obſtinate Palſy, and all Paralytick Affects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and Weakneſs, whether univerſal, or of particular Parts only, or wherever contracted, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very firſt Doſe makes an apparent demonſtrable Amendment, ſo the continuing of it for a ſhort Time as ſurely accompliſhes a perfect Cure, not only of the moſt grievous Palſy or Relaxation of the Nerves, but alſo of their Cramp-like Contractions, Convulſions of the Sinews, and all other Nervous Complaints whatſoever, even that in Perſons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occaſioned by preceding Illneſſes, faſt Living, hard Drinking, long Courſes of Phyſick, great Colds, or exceſſive Fatigues either of Mind or Body.

Words cannot ſufficiently expreſs the uncommon, the ſurprizing Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it frankly to Knowledge; and its vaſtly ſuperior Excellency to all other Remedies be more ſecurely rely'd on, for the abſolute Cure of the Palſy, all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Indiſpoſitions, than the Colchick Cortex is for Intermittents.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, enriches the Blood, reſtores the Vigour and ſteady Uſe of the Limbs, and ſtrengthens the whole Joints, Muſcles, Tendons, Ligaments, and whole Habit to a commenſe Degree.

It is alſo very pleaſant to take, is comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be given to the youngeſt Infant.

It is to be had only, by the Author's Appointment at Mr. [illegible] Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church in the Strand, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with printed Directions.

Yſterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Hamburg, Aug. 29. *N. S.*

Particular Letter from Dreſden ſays, That the Ruſſian Miniſter, the Count de Solms, having inform'd the Elector of Saxony, by Order of his Miſtreſs, that the Swedes had broke off all the Conferences for an Accommodation, and declar'd War againſt Ruſſia, he put the Elector in mind of Circumſtances which the Kingdom of Poland, Duchy of Courland, were in, during the late ween the Swedes and Ruſſians; and deſir'd his Majeſty to take the neceſſary Precautions in time, ing a ſufficient Number of Troops to advance to ers, to be ready for all Events; it being im- to foreſee how far the Flame of War may &c.

e Letters from Stockholm ſay, That before chef the Ruſſian Miniſter went away, he diſtri- Memorial in Vindication of his Conduct, where- reſs'd himſelf in theſe Terms: 'I ſet out with to ſee a War declar'd between the two Crowns, having done every thing in my Power to prevent ture. The moſt amicable Offers, the moſt ad- rous Propoſals, and the moſt likely Meaſures Reconciliation, have been employ'd without any ; which tho' they have not anſwer'd the Point ew, will at leaſt ſerve to convince the World of ncerity of our Court, and of the Efforts which e made to prevent Things coming to this unhap- xtremity.'

Letters from Stockholm, which are of the 22d ſay, That notwithſtanding the Report that the de Guillenſtierna was condemn'd to have his ot off, and be beheaded, he is only to be impri- r Life. As to the other Perſons involved in his 's ſaid that M. Arckenholtz is only to ſuffer a 's Impriſonment, with the Allowance of Bread ter; that M. Marthefius is to be baniſh'd the m, after having undergone the ſame Puniſhment; t M. de Bahr, Clerk of the Chancery, is only reprimanded and turn'd out of his Place. The add, that the Inhabitants of ſeveral Parts of have given Proofs of their Joy for the Decla- of War with Ruſſia; and that ſeveral Towns and es have enter'd into a Confederacy, to ſacrifice Lives and Forunes to the Succeſs of it.

are aſſur'd from Stockholm, That the King has n Offer to the States to command the Army in d in Perſon; which Reſolution, tho' generally 'd of without Doors, has however been referr'd Secret Committee for their Opinion; and that the have reſolved to grant a Million of Ducats for the ordinary Expences of the War; and that the of the States had actually made a Preſent of Ten of Gold to the King to puſh it on with Vigour.

ue, *Aug.* 23. *N. S.* They ſtill talk of a Private ciation on foot between this Court and France, and the Reſult of it is to be a Treaty of Alliance; and affirm'd that the French King will ſhortly ſend baſſador hither, not only to ſign the Treaty, but pliment the Queen upon the Birth of the Arch- and her Majeſty's Coronation. One Thing ſeems to confirm what has been ſaid, is the Arri- two Expreſſes from Paris, which were ſent back after ſome Conferences held at Presburgh about Diſpatches. 'Tis alſo reported that a Miniſter will t to Munich, to commence a Negociation with Court of Bavária.

nover, *Sept.* 1. *N. S.* Since the Arrival of the Courier from Sileſia, 'tis reported, that the King of was very inclinable to accept the laſt Propoſals Mr. Robinſon the Britiſh Plenipotentiary at Vi- came to make to him again on the Part of the of Hungary; ſo that there's ſtill ground to hope there will be no more Blood ſhed between the Pruſ- and Auſtrian Armies. The Writers of particular ces from Presbourg ſay, they cannot expreſs the ge and Conſtancy with which the Queen of Hun- receives Intelligence from divers Places, which is often diſagreeable; and that they are altogether as ch ſurpriz'd to ſee with what Prudence her Majeſty the proper Meaſures for thwarting her Enemy's s: But ſhe has the Satisfaction, on the other hand, to receive Aſſurances from her loyal Subjects and States, that they are ready to ſacrifice their Lives and Fortunes for her Service. The Tiroleſe in particular have aſſur'd her, that if the Elector of Bavaria ſhould make any Attempt upon her Dominions, as he ſeems to threaten, they will not fail to make Incurſions into his Electorate, and deſtroy the whole Country with Fire and Sword. The Bohemians alſo promiſe that they will diſtinguiſh their Zeal for the Queen's Intereſt, in acknowledgment for the ſeveral extraordinary Advantages which ſhe has been pleaſed to grant them.

His Britannick Majeſty has reſolved to form two Camps of his own Troops on the Banks of the Weſer; one of 12 Squadrons and 8 Batallions, near Barnſdorf in the County of Diepholtz; and the other of 18 Squadrons and 10 Batallions near Hamelen. The ſaid Camps are to be form'd by the 8th inſtant. The Troops of Denmark and Heſſe which are in his Majeſty's Pay, have alſo received Orders to advance without Delay towards this Electorate. Prince William of Heſſe-Caſſel, who came hither laſt Night, went this Morning to Herenhauſen, where he had a long Conference with the King.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Cambridge, Aug. 27. The Right Hon. Henry Lord Monfort is unanimouſly elected High Steward of this Corporation, in the room of the Right Hon. Edward Earl of Oxford lately deceaſed.

Laſt Monday Mr. Thomas Edwards was elected and ſworn into the Office of Common Council of this Town, which became vacant by the Promotion of Mr. Alderman Starmer.

The Building deſign'd for our County Hoſpital is carrying on with the utmoſt Expedition.

HOME PORTS.

Plymouth, Aug. 25. Came in his Majeſty's Ship the Dartmouth, Capt. Temple Weſt, Convoy to the following Ships, viz. the Planter, Dunſcomb, the Friendſhip, Kitteridge, the Expedition, Johnſon, the Tilly, Dove, the Hopewell, Wiſe, the Lemon, Chittle, the Draper, Moore, the Thomas and Anne, Hyde, the Happy Janett, Mackliſh, the Bellica, Wadham, the Prince William, Rooke, and the Phenix, Ancell, all for Gibraltar; the Marmaduke, Bowman, the Lisbon-Galley, Blackabee, the Mafra, Smith, and the King of Portugal, Hughes, for Lisbon; and the Gloria Celeſtia, Petrina, for Venice.

Deal, Aug. 27. Wind S. W. Came down and ſail'd thro', the St. Andrew, Jones, for Cork.

Graveſend, Aug. 27. Paſs'd by the Mary, Major, from Antigua; the Charming Molly, Righton, from St. Kitt's; the Providence, Blundell, from Nevis; the Tring Galley, Dornford; the Sea-Nymph, Oxland; the Henry, Cockell; and the Hope, Purchaſe; all four from Oporto; the Dublin Merchant, Thomas, from Dublin; the Humphry, Perry, from Narva; the St. Paul, Swanton, from Stockholm; the Providentia, Dahl, from Norway; and the Three Brothers, Dewin, from Calais.

Graveſend, Aug. 28. Paſs'd by the John, Cole, from Stockholm, and the John, Blake, from Petersburgh.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At Lancaſter, the Mary and Ann, Birchall, from Jamaica.

At Plymouth, the Lake, Pharour, from Barbados.

At Petersburgh, the Recovery, Coates, from Liverpool; the Neptune, Darby, from Amſterdam; and the Eagle, Brown, from London.

LONDON, Auguſt 29.

On the 19th O. S. the French Forces decamp'd from Givet to paſs thro' the Biſhoprick of Liege for the Duchies of Juliers and Berg, where 'tis ſaid they will form an Army of 40,000 Men.

They have Letters at Amſterdam from Seville and Cadiz, which ſay, that four French Men of War, commanded by the Chevalier de Caylus, and bound from Martinique for Toulon, arriving about the latter End of July at the Mouth of the Streights of Gibraltar, met with four Men of War of Admiral Haddock's Squadron, which offer'd to oppoſe their Paſſage thro' the Streights, which Diſpute occaſion'd ſome Cannonading on both Sides, but that the French paſs'd the Streights nevertheleſs and continu'd their Rout to Toulon. They expected the Confirmation of this Rencounter with farther Particulars.

Letters of the 4th O. S. from Madrid ſay, that the King has had a Return of his Fever, which attack'd him ſeveral Days, and that he again takes the Jeſuit's Bark.

Thoſe of the ſame Date from Petersburgh ſay, that the Court of Ruſſia having receiv'd the Declaration of War and the Manifeſto publiſhed at Stockholm, have reſolved likewiſe to declare War forthwith againſt the King of Sweden, and to publiſh an Anſwer to his Manifeſto.

Mr. Burnaby, who had lately the Care of the Engliſh Affairs at Sweden but retir'd from Stockholm by reaſon of a Diſpute he had with Count Gillenbourg, is gone to Copenhagen by the Way of Elſineur.

Letters of the 12th from Breſlau ſay, that General Neuperg's Army which was but two Leagues diſtant from the Pruſſians was return'd towards Silberberg, and that thereupon his Pruſſian Majeſty had caus'd his Army to advance near the Mountain of Schweidnitz. 'Tis added, that ſince the Pruſſians have been Maſters of that City they have erected a Lodge of Free Maſons there.

They write from Bruſſels, that M. de Buſſy, the late French Miniſter at this Court, is gone thro' that City from Paris for Hanover, in order to execute a very important Commiſſion at that Court, the Succeſs of which will go near to determine the Fate of the chief Affairs now depending in Europe. They add, that the Queen of Hungary's Orders which were ſent to Bruſſels eight Months ago, when the late Archduchеſs had a dangereus Illneſs, have now been open'd, whereby it appears that her Hungarian Majeſty declares the Count de Harrach Governor General of the Auſtrian Netherlands, proviſionally, with the ſame Authority as the Count de Daun enjoy'd it; and that this Nomination has given extraordinary Satisfaction.

Letters of the 8th from Rome ſay, that the Pope has granted Leave to the Queen of Hungary, upon certain Conditions, to make uſe of all the Plate in the Churches of her Dominions, towards defraying the extraordinary Expences of the War.

'Tis ſaid that the Governor of Calais has hang'd up a Spy there, who was in the Diſguiſe of a Capuchin; and that the Salt-works on the Coaſt of Bretagne have produced more Salt this Year than for ſeven Years paſt.

The Providence, Moreland, and the Thomas and Mary, Darye, both from Narva for London, were loſt near or upon the Chalk Grounds a few Leagues from Narva, the firſt on the 5th of July, and the other the 25th following, both at four o'Clock in the Afternoon, in calm Weather.

The Leeds Merchant, Bell, from Hull for Petersburgh, is carried into Gottenburgh by the Swedes; and the Tuſcan, Martin, and the India Merchant, Read, both bound from London to Petersburgh and Leghorn, are ſaid to have been taken by the Swedes.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, accompanied by his Son the Lord Walpole and ſeveral other Perſons of Diſtinction, ſet out for his Seat at Houghton Hall in Norfolk, where he will continue for three Weeks, during which time the Treaſury is adjourn'd.

Yeſterday died at his Houſe in Pall-mall Mr. Whitehorne, Confectioner to his Majeſty.

Her Grace the Ducheſs of Newcaſtle was Yeſterday ſo dangerouſly ill at Clermont, that her Life is deſpair'd of. Her Grace is attended by ſeveral Phyſicians.

On the 15th died the Rev. Thomas Saul Hancock, M. A. Rector of Wormſhill and Vicar of Hollingbourn, both in Kent, the former of which Livings is in the Gift of the Governors of Chriſt's Hoſpital, and the latter in the Patronage of his Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury.

We are aſſured that the Right Hon. Arthur Onſlow, Eſq; (ſaid in the Papers of Yeſterday to be ill of a Fever) is in very good Health.

Their Excellencies the Lords of the Regency have been pleaſed to appoint Mr. Robert Heath, late of Norfolk, Surgeon, to be Surgeon to the Hon. Brigadier General St. Clair's Battallion, ordered for the Weſt Indies.

Yeſterday Moſes Wilſon was committed to Bridewell by Col. De Veil, for hawking unſtampt News-papers.

As were likewiſe committed the ſame Day by the ſame Gentleman, to the Gatehouſe Weſtminſter, Richard Buſſy and James Harris, for divers Felonies, being charged with laying waſte, breaking open Locks, &c. and ſtealing the Poultry from all or moſt of the noted Farmers for four Miles round London, and with having

having followed that Practice for four Years past. These are the two Soldiers belonging to the First Regiment of Foot-guards who receiv'd 1000 Lashes each and were on Thursday last drum'd out of the Regiment with Halters about their Necks, for stealing a large Quantity of Fowls from Mr. Slack in Scotland-yard, as lately mention'd.

Yesterday the Sessions began at the Old Bailey, when twenty-six Prisoners were try'd, of whom two were capitally convicted, viz.

James Hall, on his own Confession, for the Murder of Mr. John Penny in Clement's Inn; and

Henry Cooke alias John Stevens, for robbing Mr. Zachary on the Highway at Stoke Newington. He was try'd in October last at the Old Bailey, for a Robbery on the Highway, when he brought several Persons to his Reputation, and the Jury were for some time divided as to the Verdict, but at length brought him in Not Guilty.

Fourteen were cast for Transportation, and ten acquitted.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	01 51	Evening	02 11

Bank Stock 141. India 165 1-half. South Sea 101 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Old Annuity 111 3-8ths to 1-half. New ditto 109 3 4ths. Three per Cent. 98 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto Nothing done. Royal Assurance 89. London Assurance 11. African 10. India Bonds 3 l. 18 s. to 17 s Premium. Bank Circulation 6 l. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 3 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders Par. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 112.

Lottery-Office, August 28, 1741.

THE Managers and Directors of the Lottery appointed by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to enable the Commissioners for Building a Bridge cross the River *Thames*, &c. *Do hereby give Notice, That the Third Payment of Two Pounds on each Ticket is to be paid at the Bank of England on or before the 18th of September next; the Cashiers being ready to receive the same.*

Admiralty-Office, August 28, 1741.

HIS *Majesty's Ship the* Biddeford, *which is fitting out at Woolwich, being soon to proceed to Sea; It is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, That the Men belonging to the said Ship, who are absent from her, do immediately repair on board to their Duty, on Pain not only of losing their Wages, but of being taken up, and tryed as Deserters.*

Tho. Corbett.

War-Office, August 27, 1741.

WHEREAS *the Transport Ships which are order'd to go to Cork, are near ready to sail; The Ten Lieutenants, Ten Ensigns, Two Surgeons, and a Surgeon's Mate, lately appointed Officers* en Second, *are hereby required to repair on Board the said Transport Ships in Eight and forty Hours from the Date hereof, otherwise they will be superseded in their respective Commissions.*

By their Excellencies Direction,

WILL. YONGE.

This Day is published,

THE ATTORNEY's PRACTICE in the Court of COMMON PLEAS: Or, An Introduction to the Knowledge of the Practice of that Court, as it now stands under the Regulation of several late Acts of Parliament, Rules and Determinations of the said Court. With Variety of Useful and Curious Precedents in English, settled or drawn by Council; and a complete Index to the Whole.

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Bank, June 1, 1740.

WHEREAS JOHN WAITE, *late one of the Cashiers of the* Bank of England, *about Forty Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well set, round visag'd, small grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Complection, absented himself on Wednesday the 13th of May last from his Duty at the Bank, and is supposed to have secreted, or taken away with him from the Bank, East-India Bonds, amounting to a considerable Value;*

And Whereas Warrants are issued for Apprehending and Taking the said John Waite, *This is to give Notice, That whoever shall apprehend and secure the said* John Waite, *to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the said Governor and Company the Sum of Three hundred Pounds over and above the Two hundred Pounds offered in former Advertisements,* in the Whole Five hundred Pounds.

David Legros, *Secretary.*

Goodman's-Fields.

THE NEW WELLS, the Bottom of *Lemon-street, Goodman's-fields*, will be Open'd again on Monday next, with Rope dancing by Mynheer Magito and Mademoiselle Renos, Madem. Line and Monsr. Janno; and several New Balances by Mr Brila, the Equilibrist. With the surprising Performances of the Little Boy; and Dancing by the two Masters and Miss Granier.

To which will be added, a Pantomime Entertainment, call'd HARLEQUIN A STATUE. The Whole to conclude with the Grand Scene of *Hymen's Temple*. Every Night there will be different Balances, and Performances on the Rope. To begin every Evening at Five o'Clock.

A Print of the Performances of the Equilibrist may be had at the Bar of the Wells, at 6 d. each.

'Mr HALLAM returns his humble Thanks to those Persons 'of Quality and Distinction who have honoured him with 'their Company at *Bartholomew Fair*, and humbly hopes for 'the Continuance of their Favour, at his *New Wells* in *Good-'man's-fields*.

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IMPOTENCY in *Men* and BARRENNESS in *W[illegible]*

IS delightful to the Palate, most agr[illegible] able and cordial to the Stomach, enriches the Blo[illegible] creases the Spirits, invigorates the Nerves, and perfectly [illegible] vates all the Animal Faculties and Generative Powers, [illegible] Sexes, to such a Degree, as Words can scarcely express; [illegible] acts not only by a stimulating Quality, or blowing up a [illegible] but by adding a true *Balsamum Osmoris*, a kindly Fuel, by [illegible] Nature is in a Manner regenerated, and so much Str[illegible] Vigour, and Ability, immediately given, that Impotenc[illegible] every Kind of Weakness, or Imbecility in the Male Sex [illegible] Barrenness, and all Sorts of Weakness, and Inaptness [illegible] Conjugal Rites in the Female Sex, are most infallibly a[illegible] rectly cured by it, in a very pleasant and highly ag[illegible] Manner, infinitely beyond what any other Remedy can [illegible] pitish. Decays of every Kind in either Sex, and all Sp[illegible] Weaknesses however occasioned, it almost instantly [illegible] when nothing else will, and can be had only, by the Au[illegible] Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Po[illegible] Haydon-Yard in the Minories, London, at Five Shill[illegible] Pot, with Printed Directions at large.

Concerning Gleets *and* Seminal Weakn[illegible] *of all Kinds.*

ALL judicious Physicians and Surge[illegible] allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure [illegible] Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses, whether [illegible] sion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, [illegible] Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; [illegible] that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as w[illegible] difficult to cure, is as certain, since they exceedingly w[illegible] the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous S[illegible] often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Con[illegible] tion of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Confum[illegible] which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be tro[illegible] with Old or Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involu[illegible] tary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any W[illegible] ness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabet[illegible] Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their W[illegible] would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe, [illegible] speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by t[illegible] only a small Quantity of a transcendent BALSAMICK [illegible] STRICTIVE ELECTUARY, now published for a general G[illegible] after having for many Years been experienc'd never [illegible] fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets know[illegible] a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also [illegible] other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels, [illegible] Urinary Passages, whichit almost instantly cures, by [illegible] to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to [illegible] natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraord[illegible] Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTU[illegible] is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least D[illegible] der, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and D[illegible] of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthen[illegible] Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels to an immense [illegible] gree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose [illegible] does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; [illegible] all Persons fatigu'd with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of [illegible] Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, [illegible] in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will [illegible] most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a [illegible] speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Cl[illegible] and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly [illegible] directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines [illegible] been tried in vain; too much cannot be said in it, and [illegible] All who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purp[illegible] have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Effic[illegible] one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomp[illegible] a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Auth[illegible] special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Rad[illegible] Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clem[illegible] Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book [illegible] Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will per[illegible] sly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted w[illegible] succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity [illegible] the Foul Disease is intirely eradicated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

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